SUMMARIES

TOPOGRAPHIC AND ETHNOGRAPHIC NOTES, III

by S. YEIVIN

An English version of this article will appear in the *Journal of Egyptian Archaeology*, 48, 1962.

THE SOUTHERN BORDER OF ARAM

by H. TADMOR

This article will be published in English in the Israel Exploration Journal, 12, 1962.

THE REMOVAL OF THE ARK OF COVENANT

by M. HARAN

An English version of this article will appear in one of the forthcoming issues of the *Israel Exploration Journal*.

THE EXCAVATIONS AT AZOR, 1960

by M. DOTHAN

Published in English in the Israel Exploration Journal, 11, 1961, No. 4.

A SURVEY OF THE VESSELS RECOVERED FROM THE SEA OFF THE COAST OF ISRAEL

by D. BARAG

In the years 1957–59, the author carried out a survey of the over 400 pottery vessels fished up off the Israeli coast by local fishermen. The vessels came mostly from the 28–35 fathom depth range. Three concentrations are evident: off Ashkelon, Ashdod, and between Caesarea and Dor. An analysis revealed interesting facts on the history of seafaring along this coast: the finds cover all the periods between MB II and the Arab period, with a marked gap in Iron Age I (and only one vessel from EB I); more than 90% are of local manufacture; more than 50% are storage vessels; most represented are the 8th–4th cent. B.C. and the 4th–6th cent. A.D.; the Arab period is sparsely represented.

SOME UNPUBLISHED ANCIENT SEALS by N. Avigad

1. Scarab, with griffon couchant and ankh symbol. Inscribed: L'bd'. Phoenician, 8th–7th cent. B.C. — 2. Scaraboid. Bearded figure to 1., holding ankh in r., lifting 1. In field 8-pointed star and crescent. Inscribed: Lhnn. Phoenician, 7th–6th cent. B.C. — 3. Scaraboid inscribed: ndb'l/bn'ms'l. Ammonite?. 7th cent. B.C. — 4. Discoid with three registers. Top: grazing gazelle?. Below inscription: Lnhm b/n Hmn. — 5. Scaraboid with three registers. In centre lion passant with star in front and rhombus below. Above: L'z'l b, below 'L'z'l m' (Llm' reverse), to be read L'z'l m' 5th cent. B.C. 6. Discoid. Llmy m' lm' 7th–6th cent. B.C.

A LAMP WITH A SAMARITAN INSCRIPTION by I. Ben-Zvi

Published in the Israel Exploration Journal, 11, 1961, No. 3.

ON THE FRAGMENT OF PSALMS FROM NAḤAL ḤEVER (see p. 53 above)

by D. Leibel

The author suggests that the two parts of verses lacking a parallel in this fragment (part of v. 2 and of v. 4) belong together and form one complete verse.

VARIA

R. Giveon publishes an Egyptian ivory seal which he reads R'mm m't hfr and interprets, following Drioton, as a code meaning Ammon-Ra. In an addendum J. Leibovitch suggests the reading: R'mn t'w hfr m't. M. Naor and Z Kallai discuss the "fountain which is in Jezreel" (1 Sam. xxix, 1). The former puts forward the suggestion that this verse leads us back in place and time from 1 Sam xxviii, 4, not only in regard to the Philistines but also to the Israelites. Therefore the "fountain" is to be identified with En-gannim (Josh. xix, 21, xxi, 29) and Anem (1 Chron. vi, 58 (AV 73), which were located at Jenin. J. Meyshan contends (a) that the coin of the year 5 attributed by Reifenberg (Israel's History in Coins, p. 28, No. 17) to Agrippa I belongs to Agrippa II; (b) the coin regarded by Lederer (Neue Beiträge z. antiken Münzkunde, 1943, Pl. VI, No. 100) as unpublished with the image of Nero is a known coin of A.D.85 with the image of Domitianus. —Z. Goldman discusses some cases of trepanation of the skull found at Accho, Jericho, Lachish and Timna'.

Activities of the Society. These include reports on the 17th Annual Archaeological Convention at Beth-Shan, Excavations, Publications and Varia.