

The Orient.

March 15, 1911

BIBLE HOUSE, CONSTANTINOPLE

No. 48

AMERICAN RED CROSS.

Notice :— A meeting of Americans residing in and in the vicinity of Constantinople will be held at the American Consulate-General on Saturday, April 1st, 1911, at 3 P.M., for the purpose of organizing a Constantinople Chapter of the American National Red Cross. All Americans in these parts, ladies and gentlemen, are cordially invited to attend.

In the *Bosphorus News* of April 13, 1910, an account was given of the organizing of the Beyrout Chapter of the American Red Cross, in December 1909, under the leadership of Mr. G. Bie Ravndal, then Consul-General at Beyrout; and extracts were given of an interesting address delivered then by him. The suggestion was also made that a similar branch be started here, under the leadership of our Ambassador. Although Mr. Straus was fully in sympathy with the movement, the curtailing of his residence in this city prevented his taking steps in this direction; and it has remained for the organizer of the Beyrout branch to take the initiative in the Capital as well. This movement has the hearty approval of the Hon. J. R. Carter, our Diplomatic Representative here, and will, we feel certain, call forth a very hearty response from the entire American colony. The Constantinople Chapter would comprise all that part of Turkey north and west of the Taurus Mountains, as the Beyrout Chapter takes in all south and east of that range.

The following statement by Consul-General Ravndal shows very clearly the aims of the movement:—

The Beyrout, Syria, Chapter of the American National Red Cross was organized Dec. 3, 1909, with 20 charter members. It was the first Chapter of its kind organized outside the United States and its dependencies. It was officially recognized by the American Red Cross which accorded to the new Chapter a warm and hearty welcome. It had an enrolment last year of 148 members.

The principal aims of the Chapter may be stated as follows:

1. To encourage and financially assist the American National Red Cross, this being considered a patriotic privilege and duty.
2. To provide a permanent organization in Beyrout which in times of great disaster in this country might serve as an agent of the American National Red Cross.
3. To assist in the campaign against tuberculosis just started in Syria by selling American Red Cross Christmas stamps, seals and cards.

We pay for membership \$1 per annum and receive free of charge the Bulletin of the American Red Cross, an illustrated quarterly.

In a recent letter to a committee in the United States designated to solicit funds for the purpose of raising the American Red Cross endowment to \$2,000,000, President Taft, who is President also of the American Red Cross, says, i. a. :

"Though willing to contribute generously for relief after great disasters, it is difficult to obtain in this country a large membership contributing small annual dues. The American Red Cross received in 1910 from the 50 % of annual dues paid into the national treasury less than \$ 8000. The Japanese Red Cross in 1908 received from the annual dues of its 1,440,000 members over a million dollars."

In a similar connection, the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. MacVeagh, says that "the American Red Cross should be placed on as firm a financial basis as are the other great Red Cross societies of the world. Patriotism and humanity should inspire our people not to allow Japan and the European countries so far to distance us in this great work as it is shown they do in the statement accompanying President Taft's letter."

Patriotism and humanity will, we are sure, bring all Americans in Turkey, including women and children, into the ranks of the American Red Cross.

DEATH OF MISS POOLE.

The hearts of all friends of Harpout station will be drawn out in sympathy for that already sorely afflicted station, at the news that Miss Maria B. Poole has been taken from them. Her death came in the wake of bronchial pneumonia, contracted while on a tour among the near by villages of the plain. She passed away February 2nd, in the hospital at Mezireh, and on Saturday, the 4th, the body was laid to rest beside the grave of Dr. H. N. Barnum, who was buried less than nine months before. Miss Riggs writes; "Death has taken from us one of our number whom we could least spare, Miss Poole, who was our touring lady, our orphanage worker, our stenographer, and who was always ready to help in any kind of work that was needing help."

Miss Poole arrived in Harpout Nov. 4, 1905. She was from New York City, a member of the Broadway Tabernacle, and had been for years connected with Mr. John R. Mott in the office of the International Committee of the Y.M.C.A. Within a year and a half she acquired such a working knowledge of Armenian as to promise the greatest usefulness for the future. Her removal makes the maintenance of the orphanage work in Harpout a very serious problem. Mrs. Browne has taken temporary charge.

THE OTTOMAN PARLIAMENT.

53rd Session (March 7). Somewhat tardily the bill exempting charcoal from taxation on account of the severity of the winter, was passed. After a long discussion the bill creating a new National Ottoman Navigation Company was also passed. This company is on the lines of the old Mahsousse Company, and its capital of Lt. 500,000 is to be raised by a loan guaranteed by the Minister of Finance, and supplemented by the proceeds (if any) of the sale of the useless old boats of the defunct company. The larger steamers of the new company are to be used in case of need as transports. The provisional budget for March was voted. A long debate ensued on the Turco-Bulgarian provisional commercial treaty, which was finally passed. This is to be in force for one year, but either party is at liberty to abrogate it, with two weeks' notice, after November 1/11, 1911, if a commercial treaty has not been concluded by that time.

54th Session (March 8). Half a dozen more speeches on the budget were delivered, the only new point brought out being the disproportionate burden of taxation falling on the country districts under present conditions, and the necessity of levying new taxes on the city population. The discussion of a bill for the encouragement of native industries was begun, the first article dealing with exemption from certain taxes for factories meeting certain specifications as to size and capacity.

55th Session (March 9). A bill to abolish the free distribution of bread to *imams* and the poor from the government charitable kitchens, and substitute the payment of the cash value of this bread, under the direction of the ministry of the *evkaf*, was passed. The rule concerning the codification of laws was by vote changed so as to place the responsibility for such codification with the Minister of Justice. A number of articles of the revised penal code were taken up and most of them referred back to the commission with suggested modifications.

56th Session (March 11). Djavid Bey, Minister of Finance, occupied nearly the entire session with an able speech, in which he refuted the criticisms of the opposition regarding the budget. For fifteen days the orators of the opposition have attacked the financial policy of the government, and have tried to point out methods of improving it. But the calm oratory and telling facts of Djavid Bey in this masterly address seemed to answer every argument and show the real weakness of his detractors. When the Minister answered Loutfi Fikri Bey's attack, the deputy from Dersim interrupted him frequently and tried to confuse him, but in vain. At the close of his address, the Chamber by a show of hands passed a vote of confidence toward Djavid Bey; and the address was ordered printed for circulation.

57th Session (March 13). Loutfi Fikri Bey demanded that the Grand Vizier explain why martial law is still enforced in Constantinople; but the president insisted on the order of the day, which was the discussion of the budget. The budget for the department of the Public Debt was first

taken up, the total estimate being Lt. 5,819,813. After a heated discussion the first seven sections were passed. The question of postponing the collection of the sheep tax was then brought up by Mehmed Ali Bey (Djanik). The Minister of Finance expressed his willingness to postpone the collection one month, but said it would entail a loss of Lt. 300,000, owing to the probable death rate among the sheep during this next month. Permission was accorded by the Chamber for the postponement in places where the winter is still severe.

A BIT OF POOR RELIEF IN MARSOVAN.

This last winter has been much the hardest ever seen in Marsovan within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. The mercury day after day registered eight to ten degrees below zero Fahr., meaning forty degrees or more of frost, while the snow-fall was so heavy that the roads were blocked in all directions for days, and the snow was estimated to lie six feet deep on the mountains about. Naturally the supply of fuel ran short, such wood as was offered for sale being exceedingly high priced. It is a remarkable coincidence, or else a special providence, that within twelve months a coal mine has been opened only about ten miles from the city and a great many people have taken to burning coal in their houses.

Of course there has been a great deal of suffering among the poor. At the end of the first semester early in February the students of the Girls' School, with the guidance and direction of their teachers, gave their two holidays to sewing and mending such garments and articles of bedding as they could give or collect for the relief of the destitute. More than forty families were aided in this way, each with several articles, which were much needed and greatly appreciated. Perhaps the most keenly felt need was for fuel. A statement was made one evening in the meeting of the Pontus Club which has a membership of over a hundred Greeks, students of Anatolia College, setting forth the need, and a ready response of over five liras was the result. The college horses, wagon and driver, employed ordinarily to draw building stone from the quarry, were naturally out of work at the time and so were employed to haul coal gratis from the pit mouth to the city. The manager of the mine very conveniently is a graduate of the College and did everything in his power to facilitate the enterprise for the relief of the poor, including the granting of a handsome reduction in price. In this way the gift of the Pontus Club provided forty sacks of coal which were distributed among 227 needy families providing fuel in each case for at least a few days and helping them to tide over the worst of the winter weather.

Another statement being made in the Shavarshan, the corresponding Armenian club, which has a membership of a hundred or more, a similar collection of more than six liras resulted and this is now being employed for the purchase and distribution of bread. Recipients of this bounty have been exceedingly grateful and it certainly was a handsome thing for the students to do when most of these students have none too much spending money of their own.

G. E. WHITE.

THE "BOSPHORUS NEWS."

One year ago there was started a diminutive weekly paper with the above title, printed at the Bible House, for private circulation only. As stated in its first issue, there had been News-Notes prepared at various times in former years and printed on a duplicating machine, for private circulation only; but these had in each case proved short-lived, while it was hoped that the *Bosphorus News* might be more lasting. Only five numbers appeared, however, although its career was so promising that from a four-page sheet of 4x6 inches it grew as if by magic to an eight-page weekly of the size of the *Orient*. Moreover, there were surprisingly few to mourn its loss when it ceased to appear. For, like some other living things, it emerged from its chrysalis shape metamorphosed, and has had a continued existence thenceforth as *The Orient*. Whatever may have been its faults and deficiencies, in those five weeks of previous existence, it deserves to have its anniversary celebrated with a passing word of praise. The faith by which its editors walked, as they undertook such an enterprise, has been abundantly justified. The paper is evidently meeting a demand. It could not be kept wrapped in the swaddling-clothes of private circulation, but has become an official organ of the Publication Department of the American Missions, and the recognized medium of publicity for the Y. M. C. A., the International Sunday-School Association and the American Consular Service. Surely, such phenomenal development within a twelvemonth indicates still greater usefulness hereafter. This growth was due in large measure to the energy of our lamented brother Mr. Allen, who was its editor from the start; and while we bespeak an increasing interest in behalf of the present paper, we deem it eminently appropriate to call the attention of our subscribers to its immediate predecessor, the *Bosphorus News*. Incidentally it is well to call the attention of those who subscribed from the beginning to the fact that they have now had fifty-three numbers, and that it is high time their subscriptions were every one renewed.

FAVRE BOYS' HOME, BARDIZAG.

At a pleasant little social evening in our Home, when the boys were singing their English hymns and making little home-made speeches in English, Armenian and French, they took the opportunity of acknowledging the self denying efforts of Mademoiselle Maillefer, presenting her with a picture-frame made on the premises. We were just rejoicing over the recovery of the third case of pneumonia in the Home this winter, one having been a very severe case of double-pneumonia; all of these she had cared for with the most devoted attention, and by God's grace they are all now well and strong again.

It has been a trying winter everywhere, and we have sympathized with our friends at Sivas in their many weeks of anxiety about Miss Stuckey whilst she was down with typhus. It was good to hear that after Mrs. Perry's kind nursing her convalescence was complete and she returned to her work.

S.N.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE ADANA Y. M. C. A.

(continued)

4. The *recording secretary* shall keep full records of the business meetings of the association and of the executive committee, a list of the association prayer-meetings, a full register of the members of the association, and all interesting statistics and records. He shall, in co-operation with the secretary, carry on the correspondence of the association.

5. The *treasurer* shall have charge of the funds of the association under the direction of the executive committee, and shall keep careful accounts of all receipts and disbursements.

6. There shall be three committees appointed by the executive committee and each to consist of four members (in addition to the chairmen who are chosen at the annual meeting of the association). The three committees are:

a. *Religious-work Committee* whose duty it shall be to arrange for Bible study classes, prayer meetings, addresses, and other exercises calculated to develop the religious life of the members of the association, and also to arrange for the conduct of district religious exercises where that may be fitting and necessary.

b. *Membership Committee* whose aim it shall be to gain new members and to bring all members into active association, to visit the sick and needy and to look up and help strangers coming into the city.

c. *Social-work Committee* whose duty it shall be to look after the reading-room, library, evening classes, social entertainments, musicals, lectures, gymnasium and any other line of work calculated to foster to a proper degree and in a proper direction the social element among the members.

d. *Other Committees* and sub-committees may be appointed and their work defined by vote of the association.

B. The officers of the association shall be elected for two years, except that the secretary, if he be a paid officer of the association, shall hold office at the discretion of the executive committee and advisory board. The election of officers shall be made at the annual meetings of the association, four of the officers being elected one year for a period of two years, and the other four being elected the next year for a period of two years, subject to the provision made herein for the secretary. Any candidate for office shall be considered elected if he gain a majority vote of the active members present at the annual meeting at which the office for which he is candidate is to be filled.

V. MEETINGS.

The association shall hold a *regular meeting* once a month for the transaction of business and the hearing of reports, and a regular annual meeting as soon as possible after New-years (old style) for the hearing and acceptance of the annual report of the executive committee, the election of officers, and the transaction of such business as may come before it.

VI. ADVISORY BOARD.

The commission appointed on behalf of the World's Committee of the Y. M. C. A. shall be considered as an *Advisory Board* to the association, and shall be the channel of communication between the association and the World's Committee. As such they shall exercise considerable discretionary power in the activity of the association.

VII. AMENDMENTS.

Amendments to the constitution may be made not more frequently than once in three years, and shall require notice in writing at least one month before they are proposed, and a two-thirds vote of the active members present at the annual meeting at which they are proposed, in order that they may be accepted, with the following provision, that the conditions of active membership shall not be changed without the sanction of the advisory board, and the basis of the association shall not be changed without the sanction of the World's Committee.

(Note. It is however understood that the executive committee and the advisory board with the general secretary for Turkey may, within the space of three years after the adoption of this constitution for the first time, submit the constitution to such revision and modification as circumstances and the development of the work may demand, provided that article II, and the reference thereto in this present article shall remain inalterable.)

CENTRAL TURKEY COLLEGE, AINTAB.

Beginning January 12, Aintab has experienced the most severe winter weather that can be remembered in sixty or sixty-five years. In the last three weeks there have been at least four separate blizzards. A great amount of snow has fallen, and the mercury has gone below all the records of the last thirty-five years, to eight degrees and five degrees above zero. There has been great suffering among the poor and many deaths from exposure have occurred on the roads.

The annual Christmas Concert and Lecture was held at the college, January 25. The day was very stormy, and the larger number of the invited guests could not be present. The attendance, however, of the Turkish governor of the city was much appreciated. The lecture was by Mr. Yeghia Behesnian of Marash, a graduate of the college in 1895, who has spent a year and a half in Germany, chiefly in studying the common schools in Berlin, and who spoke very acceptably upon "The Prussian Common Schools, and what we can learn from them." The concert consisted of songs by the College Chorus, and instrumental music by organ and violins.

The second semester, scheduled to begin January 30, was delayed two days in opening by the bad weather. Common schools in the city and the Girls' Seminary have lost a week or more since vacation, for the same reason.

ROBERT COLLEGE.

Dr. Riza Tewfik Bey, deputy for Adrianople, lectured in French on Friday afternoon on "Oriental Mysticism", treating his subject from the standpoint of Philo of Alexandria and the Neo-Platonic school.

Professor John Bates Clark, of Columbia University, lectured on Saturday morning on "The Economic Outlook for the World." Professor and Mrs. Clark, and President Patrick of Scutari, were guests in the Gibbons household, and met members of the faculty informally on Friday evening.

Prof. and Miss Huntington received in an informal way on Tuesday afternoon. Miss Huntington's engagement to Mr. Theron J. Damon has just been announced.

The students exchanged vociferous salutations with the American and English tourists of the "Arabic" as they passed us last week on their trip up the Bosphorus.

Mr. Davis addressed the Y. M. C. A. last week on the work of the Association throughout the world.

THE AMERICAN COLLEGE FOR GIRLS.

Weather Report for the week March 4th-11th.

(Observations taken at 8 A. M. daily)

Maximum temperature (March 7)	55.1°	F.
Minimum (March 9)	38.8°	
Rainfall	.22	inches

There was a lecture on Wednesday afternoon by Count Paul Guehard, on L'Expansion Coloniale Française en Afrique Orientale (Guinée Française), ses habitants, leurs origines, mœurs, religion et coutumes.

On Saturday evening, the Class of 1912 gave a play, "The Sleeping-Car," in honor of Dr. Patrick's birthday, and received afterwards in the Pagoda, the guests, faculty and senior class.

The services on Sunday morning the 12th were conducted by Professor John Bates Clark, of Columbia University. Professor and Mrs. Clark are spending ten days at the College.

ARMENIAN MUSIC.

On March 5th an Armenian concert was given in the Union Française, organised by Gomidas Vartabed on whose work and genius an article appeared in a previous member of *The Orient*. The hall was completely full. Many foreign artists were present to hear this new kind of music which was being rendered a second time. The first part of the concert consisted of some choice liturgies, and the second of Armenian folk-songs. The first was listened to in strained silence and reverence, but the folk-songs aroused such wild enthusiasm that some of them were repeated. Gomidas Vartabed himself also sang some solos, and by his fine voice as well as by his excellent training of the chorus of 300 voices, he enchanted the audience and especially those who had had no idea of such music.

After the concert, which lasted nearly three hours, many well known artists congratulated Gomidas Vartabed for his excellent work. He received as a present from his pupils a set of silver inkstands in a beautiful box, itself a specimen of Armenian art, enclosing a letter asking that he might stay in the city and open a conservatory of Armenian music. He will give another concert on April 2nd, and then leaves for Alexandria to organise a chorus.

DEATH OF HERBERT MARSENA ALLEN.

In pursuance of the requirements of the Revised Statutes of the United States of America, notice is hereby given of the death of Herbert Marsena Allen, a citizen of the United States aforesaid, which occurred at Shishli, in the City of Constantinople on the 25th day of January 1911. The legal representatives and heirs of the said Herbert Marsena Allen and all other parties in interest are required to take notice thereof.

And it is ordered that the foregoing notice of the death of said Herbert Marsena Allen be published forthwith in three consecutive issues of "The Orient" a weekly newspaper printed in said City of Constantinople.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Consulate-General to be affixed, at the City of Constantinople, this 6th day of March, A. D. 1911.

L. S.

G. BIE RAVNDAL
Consul-General and Judge of the U. S. Probate Court.

CONSULAR COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

In the Matter of
Herbert Marsena Allen
deceased.

To whom it may concern - Greeting.

You are hereby cited to appear before this Court, sitting as a Court of Probate, at the United States Consulate-General in the city of Constantinople on the 27th of March, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why letters of administration upon the estate of said Herbert Marsena Allen should not be issued to widow of the said decedent, Ellen Ropes Ladd Allen.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this Consulate-General to be affixed at the city of Constantinople this 6th day of March, 1911.

L. S.

G. BIE RAVNDAL
Consul-General and Judge of the Consular Court of the United States of America.

CONSULAR COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

In the Matter of
Edward H. Ozmun
deceased.

To whom it may concern - Greeting.

You are hereby cited to appear before this Court, sitting as a Court of Probate, at the United States Consulate-General in the city of Constantinople on the 27th of March, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why letters of administration upon the estate of said Edward H. Ozmun should not be issued to widow of the said decedent, Clara G. Ozmun.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this Consulate-General to be affixed at the city of Constantinople this 6th day of March, 1911.

L. S.

G. BIE RAVNDAL
Consul-General and Judge of the Consular Court of the United States of America.

EMPIRE NEWS.

NOTES.

Mrs. E. D. Marden of Constantinople was one of the speakers at the Women's National Foreign Missionary Jubilee at Philadelphia, Pa., last month.

On Feb. 15th a daughter was born to Rev. and Mrs. T. J. S. Ferguson, formerly of Bardizag, now at North Bay, Ontario

Among recent deaths in America are those of Rev. Dr. Amory H. Bradford, of Montclair, N. J. on Feb. 18; Rev. Dr. Charles M. Mead, of the committee on the American Standard Revision of the Bible, on Feb. 15; and Prof. Edward Hitchcock ("Good old Doc"), of Amherst College, also on Feb. 15. Dr. Mead was a member of the deputation of the American Board to Turkey in 1883, and Dr. Bradford visited Constantinople in February, 1907.

In returning with Miss Poole from Aghantsig, one of the Harpout villages, to the hospital at Mezireh, late in January, Dr. Atkinson froze both feet, but fortunately not seriously.

THE CAPITAL.

Ismail Kemal Bey, the deputy who on Monday of last week was assaulted in the Chamber by a fellow-deputy, has sent an open telegram to President Ahmed Riza Bey, in which he points out that the official account of that affair incorrectly represents him as taking the initiative by confessing himself as in the wrong; whereas in fact the deputy who struck him acknowledged his fault by first asking his pardon. He further points out that the insult offered was an insult not so much to him personally as to the whole Chamber, and that notwithstanding the fact that personal satisfaction has been given, the Chamber has a right to demand a public apology from the one who thus disturbed the public peace.

The Chester railroad project is being actively pushed by the American Minister in charge, and with good hopes of speedy success. The *Stamboul* prophesies its presentation before Parliament in about two weeks.

Rear-Admiral Poë of the British Mediterranean squadron arrived in Constantinople on board the cruiser *Hussar* yesterday, on a brief visit.

Mevlud, or the birthday of the prophet Mohammed, was observed yesterday with great ceremony. All the Government Departments were closed; and His Majesty attended Selamlık at Ortakeuy.

The 75th anniversary of the Military School at Pancaldi was observed on Sunday last by a review of the cadets and a gala banquet. Mahmoud Shevket Pasha and Marshal Ghazi Ahmed Moukhtar Pasha presided.

A Greek school at Prinkipo was burned down on Sunday afternoon, the loss being put at Lt. 1,000.

THE PROVINCES.

The income of the Hedjaz Railroad for the first eleven months of 1326 shows an increase of Lt. 60,000 over that of the corresponding period of the previous year, according to *La Turquie*.

Euphrates College, Harpout, suspended its sessions on Feb. 6th, on account of an epidemic of measles in the city and vicinity; the mortality is reported as great because of the cold weather. We await news of the reopening of the schools.

The Girls' School at Adabazar has been forced to have a vacation because of an outbreak of scarlet fever, two cases being under treatment among the students.

Renewed earthquake shocks are reported from Starovo, near Lake Ochrida, with two deaths resulting.

The large French Catholic College at Mezireh was completely destroyed by fire, the first week in February, there being a heavy loss of books and other property.

A despatch from Hodeida says that a large convoy of provisions, escorted by 200 soldiers, was attacked by the rebels on Feb. 3rd and the provisions captured, the soldiers losing ten killed and missing.

OTHER LANDS.

Severe shocks were felt at Messina and many points in Calabria on March 11, accompanied by activity in the crater of Vesuvius.

The prince-regent of Bavaria on Sunday last celebrated his 90th birthday. He was presented with a handsome volume containing autograph congratulations from many crowned heads.

As a result of the extension of the rebellion in Mexico, the United States is concentrating troops on the frontier and has ordered a squadron into the Gulf of Mexico, determined to preserve absolute neutrality and prevent *juntas* from aiding the rebels.

The Greek Chamber of Deputies has begun the discussion of the question concerning the employment of pure Greek or the colloquial or vulgar Greek as the official language. The former is expected to win.

The Bank of Athens will shortly open a branch in New York. The number of Greeks now in the United States is given by a local daily as 90,000.

President Taft has called an extra session of Congress to meet April 4, to consider the Canadian Reciprocity agreement.

Mr. Ballinger has resigned his post as secretary of the interior, and Mr. Walter Fisher of Chicago has been appointed in his place.

Mr. Elliot Stock, the well-known bookseller and publisher, of Paternoster Row, London, died on March 1, aged 74.

The King and Queen of Roumania have both been confined to their beds with influenza.

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This Company, so favourably known throughout the States, has recently opened a **Branch Office** for Turkey in Constantinople. Prompt attention will be given to proposals for **Fire and Life** business and expert advice on Life business will be gladly given on application to **WALTER SEAGER & Co.**, Agents at Constantinople, or **N. K. PLUMMER**, Branch **MANAGER**.

W. W. PEET, Esq. has kindly consented to answer any enquiries for references.

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A **Palatial Cunarder** leaves Liverpool for New York every Saturday and every other Tuesday.

Cunard sailings from Naples are as follows:—

SAXONIA	March	12th.
PANNONIA	"	22nd.
CARPATHIA	April	2nd.
ULTONIA	"	19th.
SAXONIA	"	26th.
PANNONIA	May	10th.
CARPATHIA	"	24th.

Our patrons are requested to note that the 20,000 Tonners, Caronia and Carmania (triple-screw turbine), have been transferred from the Liverpool—New York service to the Mediterranean—New York service for the Winter season.

Rates, First Class from Liverpool, from £ 16.10.0.
Second Cabin from £ 9.10.0.
in accordance with Steamer and Cabin.

Rates from Naples:

First Class, from £ 14.10.0.
Second " " £ 12. 0.0.

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We can supply all Pharmaceutical requirements at rock bottom prices, and would esteem the favour of enquiries.

We act as Wholesale depot in Turkey for Messrs Burroughs, Wellcome & Co. of London, and always keep in hand a large and varied Stock of their fine products, which are sold, by agreement, at London list prices.

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